Gov. Cleveland Formally Made Aware of the National Democracy's Action.

Col. Vilas' Speech Supplemented by the Committee's Address.

The Candidate for President Makes a Felicitous Reply.

A Number of Notables Present--Action of the Committees.

Ten Thousand Bourbons Gather at a Barbecue Near Lexington, Ky.

Republicans Fuse With Greenbackers in West Virginia for the Consideration of 10,000 Votes.

NOTIFYING CLEVELAND.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 29.-The committee of notification met at ten, Vilas presiding, It was arranged that the committee visit the governor at 3:30. After signing the official letter, adjourned until three. The committee leave to-morrow morning for Saratoga to noti-fy Hendricks. THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

The national democratic committee met at the Delevan house and was called to order by Secretary Prince in the absence of Chairman Barnum. On motion of Miller (Neb.), Hon. Jno. S. Barbour (Va.) was chosen chairman protem. The roll was called, and all states were represented except Connecticut, Maryland, Kentucky, Michigan, Nevada, Dakota, New Mexico, Utah and Wyoming. The proceedings of the meeting of July 24 were approved. Dawson (S. C.), on behalf of the committee on organization, made a report which was adopted but the committee decided not to publish it at present, the matter being left in abeyance with the chairman and secretary, they to decide what portion, if any shall be given to the newspapers. The executive committee will meet in New York on Thursday of this week.

THE QUESTION OF HEADQUARTERS. Mr. Thompson, of New York, in behalf of the committee on headquarters, reported pro-gress and asked permission to make a final report to the executive committee when it meets in New York.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. The following were announced as the executive committee: W. H. Barnum, of Connecticut, ex-officio; T. A. P. Gorman, Maryland; M. W. Ransom, North Carolina; B. F. Jones, M. W. Ransom, North Carolina; B. F. Jones, Louisiana; Hubert O. Thompson, New York; Wm. Wall-ce, Pennsylvania; John S. Barbour, Virgiona; W. F. Vilas, Wisconsin; Austin H. Brown Indiana; M. M. Ham, Iowa: H. D. McHenry Kentucky; J. P. H. Kelly, Minnesota; Bradley B. Smalley, Vermont; J. A. W. Sul oway, New Hampshire; F. W. Dawson, South Carolina; W. W. Armstrong, Ohio; Milas Ross, New Jersey: S. Corning Judd, Illinois; J. B. Barnaby, Rhode Island; John G. Prather, Missouri.

The committee adjourned to meet at the Delevan House at 8 o'clock when, they will accompany the notification committee.

NOTABLES PRESENT—MALE AND FEMALE.

NOTABLES PRESENT—MALE AND FEMALE.

NOTABLES PRESENT—MALE AND FEMALE.

W. Walter (Connecticut), George H. Bates

ALBANY, July 29.—Noon.—Among those who will be present at the notification to Governor Cleveland this afternoon besides the members of the two committees, will be Judge Abbott and E. P. Hillsbury, of Boston, ex-Speaker Randall, Speaker Carlysle, Congressman Dorsheimer, Lester B. Faulkner and the following ledies. man Dorsheimer, Lester B. Faulkner and the following ladies: Mrs. W. E. Hoyt and Miss R. E. Cleveland, sisters of the governor, and Misses Mary and Carrie Hastings, daughters of the governor's sister, who is a missionary in Ceylon. The daughters have been born there, and are in America to be educated. The address of Col. Vilas and the reply of Governor Cleveland will both be brief. The reception at the Fort Oranga club will be entiral in. Cleveland will both be brief. The reception at the Fort Orange club will be entirely in-

THE PORMAL NOTIFICATION

Albany, N. Y., July 29.—The rain, which ceased at noon, set in again about 2 o'clock. Despite the weather, Pearl street and Broadway were lined with people standing under the shelter of umbrellas. About the headquarters of the Phalanx, on State street, the crowd was the greatest. A little before 3 o'clock the Phalanx formed on State street. 120 strong. They were attired in dark suits. high white hats and carried canes. Preceded by the Albany City band, they marched through State street into Broadway and to the Delevan house, where the

THEONG WAS SO GREAT that the streets and sidewalks were almost impassable. Here carriages to the number of forty were provided for the distinguished gentlemen composing the committee. At 3.35, headed by the band, the Phalanx marched up headed by the band, the Phalanx marched up Broadway, followed by the committee in car-riages. The procession turned up Clinton avenue, up Madison avenue to Esgle street to the governor's residence, which was reached about 4 p.m. An immense concourse of peo-ple had assembled around the executive man-sion, and the police were stationed about to prevent injurious trespass upon the grounds surrounding the residence. The guests were promptin arriving, and when the members of the two committees were provided for there

THE CEREMONY took place in the large handsome main parlor of the mansion. The only attempt at adornment seen was in huge banks of flowers which rested on the mantels of the pariors and library. The ceramony was brief but exceedingly impressive. The arrival of the committees in a body was the signal for concentration in the main parlor. There the committee of notification took positions in the south end of the room, and the members of the national committee on the north. Space was reserved in the centre, and as soon as the preparations

was very little extra space

In the centre, and as soon as the preparations THE GOVERNOR ENTERED

through the main hall way, standing with his back to the flower banked mautel. The la-dies of the party stood pear the governor at his left. His appearance was the signal for a hearty and spontaneous outburst of handelap ping, which continued several mintes. When this subsided Colonel W. F. Vilas, of Wi-con-sin, chairman of the late democratic national

convention, stepped forward COLONEL VILAS' ADDRESS.

Colonel Vilas spoke as follows: Grover Cleveland, Governor of the State of New York: These gentlemen, my associates here present, whose voice I am honored with authority to utter, are a committee appointed by the national democratic convention which recently assembled in Chicago and charged with the grateful duty of acquainting you officially and in that solemn and caremonious manner which the dignity and importance of the communication demands, with the inter-esting result of its deliberations, already known to you through the ordinary channels of news Sir. that sugust body, convened by direct delegation from the democratic people of the several states and territories of the re-public, and deliberating under the witness of

GREATEST ASSEMBLY OF PREEMEN ever gathered to such a conference, in fora-thought of the election which the constitution mposes upon them to make during the current year, have n minated you to the people of these United States to be their president for the next ensuing term of that great office, and with grave consideration of its exalted respon-sibilities, have confidently invoked their suffrages to invest you with its functions. Through this committee the convention's high requirement is delivered, that you may accept that candidacy. The choice carries with it in framing the law in Maine, which virtually

that candidacy. The choice carries with it profound

PERSONAL RESPECT AND ADMIRATION, but it has been in no manner the first of these sentiments. The national democracy seek a president, not in compliment for what the man is or reward for what he has done, but in a just expectation of what he will accomplish as the true servant of a free people, fit for their lofty trust. Always of momentous consequence, they conceive the public exigency to be now of transcendent importance; that a laborous reform in administration as well as legislation is imperatively necessary to the prosperity and honor of the republic, and a competent chief magistrate must be of unusual temper and power. They have observe 1 with attention

THE CHMATTER'S ADDRESS.

Whereby affirm and adopt the demands formulated and presented by the independent labor party of the state of New York, which were adopted and incorporated in its platform by their confidence derived from the sarvices you have performed for the state of New York. They invite the electors to such proof of character and competency to justify their confidence that in the nation, as heretofore in the state, the public business will be administered with consummate intelligence and ability, with single hearted honesty and fidelity, and with a resolute and daring fearle-sness which no faction, no combination, no power of wealth, no mistaken claimor or can dismay or qualify. In the spirit of the wi-dom and invoking the benediction of the divine creator of men, we challenge from the soversignty of this nation his words in commemoration and ratification of our choice, "Well done, thou good and faithfful sarvant; thou hast been faithful over a few things." In further fulfillment of our daty, the secretary will now present the written communication signed by the committee:

THE COMMITTER'S ADDRESS.

Whe hereby affirm and adopt the demands formulated and presented by the independent labor party of the state of New York, which were adopted and incorporated in its platform by the democratic party of that state in 1882, as fellows: "We affirm the policy always maintained by the democratic party that it is of the tirst importance that labor should be made free, heathful and sure of just remuneration; that convict labor should be surrounced with such safeguards as their health, their rights of education and their fulture as useful members of the community demands that workshops, whether large or small, should be under such safeguards as their health, their rights of education and their fulture as useful members of the community demands that workshops, whether large or small, should be under such as will insure the health and comfort of the emoty and their fulture as useful members of the community of the TOUR EXECUTION OF THE PUBLIC TRUSTS

The COMMITTER'S ADDRESS.

The address of the committee of notification was read by Secretary Bell:

New York City, July 28, 1884.—To Honorable Grover Cleveland, of New York: Sir:
In accordance with a custom belitting the nature of the communication, the undersigned, representing the several states and territories of the union were appeared. representing the several states and territories of the union, were appointed a committee by the national democratic convention, which assembled at Chicago on the 5th day of the current month to perform the olessant office, which by this mans we have the honor to execute, of informing you of your nomination as the candidate of the democratic party in the coming election, for the office of president of the United States. A declaration of the principles upon which the democracy go before the people, with a hope of establishing and maintaining them in the government was made by the convention and an encrossed copy thereof is submitted in connection with this communication for your consideration. We trust munication for your consideration. We trust the approval of your judgment will follow an examination of this expression of opinion and policy, and upon the political controversy and po ley, and upon the political controversy now made up we invite your a ceptance of the exalted leadership to which you have been chosen. The election of a president is an event of the utmost importance to the people of America. Prosperity, growth, happiness, peace, and liberty even, may depend upon its wise ordering. Your unanimous nomination is proof that the democracy believes your election will most contribute to save these great objections. We assure you that in the anxious responsibilities you must assume as a

M. Walter (Connecticut), George H. Bates (Delaware), Atilla Cox (Kentucky), James Jeffries (Louisiana), C. A. Osgood (Maine), George Wicks (Maryland), J. E. Abbott (Massachusetts), Daniel Cospan (Michigan), Thomas E. Hanan (Minnesota), C. E. Hooker

CLEVELAND & REJOINDER. Governor Cleveland replied as follows:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee: Your formal announcement does not, of course, convey to me the first information of the re-ultof the convention hed by tedemocracy of the nation, and yet when, as I listen to your message. listen to your message. I see about me repre-sentatives from all parts of the land of the great party which, claiming to be the party of the people, ask them to entrust to it the ad-ministration of their government, and when I consider, under the influence of the stern reality which the present surroundings create that I have been chosen to represent the plans purposes and the policy of the democratic party, I am profoundly impressed by the solemnity of the occasion and by the responsi-bilities of my position. Though I gratefully appreciate it, at this moment

I DO NOT CONGRATULATE MYSELF

upon the distinguished honor, which has been conferred upon me, because my mind is full of an anxious desire to perform well the part which has been assigned to me. Nor do I at this moment forget that the rights and interest of more than 50,000,000 of my fellow citizens are involved in our efforts to gain democratic supremacy. This reflection presents to my mind the consideration which more than all others gives to the action of my party in convention assembled its most sober and serious aspect. The party and its repre-sentatives which ask to b. entrusted at the hands of the people with the keeping of all that concerns the r welfare and their safety, should only ask it with the full appreciation of the sacredness of the trust, and with a firm resolve to administer it faithfully and well.

I AM A DEMOCRAT because I truly believe that this truth lies at the foundation of true democracy. I have kept the faith because I believe if rigitly and fairly administered and applied, democratic doctrines and measures, will insure the happi-ness, contentment and prosperity of the peo-ple. If, in the contest upon which we now enter, we steadfastly hold to the underlying grincular of our statement. principles of our party creed, and at all time keep in view the people's good, we shall be strong because we are true to ourselves and because the plan and independent voters of the land will seek by their suffrages to com-

RELEASE FROM PARTY TYRANNY. Where there should be submission to the pop ular will and their protection from party cor-ruption, there should be devotion to the paople's interests. These thoughts lend a conse-cration to our cause, and we go forth not merely to pain a partisan a trantage, but piedged to give to those who trust us the ut-most benefits and honest administration of national affairs. No higher purpose or motive can stimulate us to a supreme effort or urge us to continuous and earnest labor and effective party orga isstien. Let us at fail in this, and

we may confidently hope to BEAP THE FULL REWARD

of patriotic services well performed. I have thus called to mind some simple truths, and triffes though they are, it seems to me we do well to dwell upon them at this time. I shall soon, I hope, signify in the usual formal manner my acceptance of the nomination which has been tendered me. In the meantime I gladly greet you all as co-workers in a noble

THE GOVERNOR SPOKE EXTEMPORANEOUSLY with deep earnestness. He seemed to realize with deep earnestness. He seemed to realize the weight of the responsibility which rested upon him as the standard bearer of the party. The address was not only a model of thought but was delivered with race grace and effect. The congratulations that were showered upon him by many distinguished leaders of the party at the close of the ceremonies were sincere and hearty. After some time spent in socare and hearty. After some time spent in so-cial interchanges the doors of the dining room were swung open and refreshments partaken of. An informal reception was held at the Fort Orange club. Washington avenue, late in the afternoon.

PULITZER ON BLAINE. Mr. Pulitzer said one of his reasons for opposing Blaine, was the latter's Know Nothing nation in record of gears ago. Blaine advised and aided improve.

ng resolutions were adopted: We hereby affirm and adopt the demands

THE GREAT REPORM GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK. These demands for reforms, made by the work-These demands for reforms, made by the workingmen of New York, have been accomplished through their acceptance and endorsement by the great reform governor of the state of New York in the following measures: Establishing labor bureau statistics; prohibiting the manufacture of wool hats in the state prisons, penitentaries, etc; prohibiting the manufacture of ngars in tenement houses; prohibiting the naking of contracts for convict labor; making laboring men preferred creditors in the assign-ments of employers; prohibiting child contract labor; providing for commission to examine the ments of employers; prohibiting child contract labor; providing for commission to examine the sanitary condition of tenement houses, factories, etc., which are commended as vital issues to the people of the United States, and are here by declared principles of labor in the whole country, where the interests of labor are best served when the principles of labor upon a solid foundation of secured rights and prosperity are presented and urged as issues in the popular representative bodies having constisantary condition of tenement houses, factories, etc., which are commended as vital issues to the people of the United States, and are here-by declared principles of labor in the whole country, where the interests of labor are best ity are presented and urged as issues in the popular representative bodies having constiuticnal existence.

AFTER LEGISLATURES. Resolved, That it is not the duty of the workingmen to present candidates for presi-dent and vice-president but that it is a sacred duty and obligation to organize for the purpose f securing as members of state and national

sgislatures earnest and faithful representa ives of labor; therefore; be it Resolved, That we make no nomination or the offices of president and vice-president but leave to all our members a free choice, and that we do hereby adjourn the meeting of the

in the interests of labor and anti-monopoly and to influence as far as possible the adoption

of our principles, and
WHERRAS, Our platform and principles
were submitted to the national conventions
respectively of the political parties, and duly WHEREAS, Our methods of procedure re quire us, where our principles are adopted by existing political conventions, to notify our members of that fact, and in such cases leave

each member free to consult his individual or party preferences; therefore, Resolved, That we accept the action and endorsement of our principles by the national conventions of the democratic and republican arties as progressive and beneficial to Ameri

BOURBON BARBECUE, A KENTUCKY DEMOCRATIC REJOICING.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 29. - Over ten thou sand enthusiastic democrats attended an old fashioned Kentucky barbecue given near this city to-day by the democrats of Fayette counbarbequed meats. The crowd partook of burgoo and barbequed meats. The crowd was addressed by General Durbin Ward, Don Piatt and Judge Hunt, of Ohio, Senators Beck and Blackburn, ex-Governor Blackburn and Hon. Th. mas L. Jones, of Kentucky. All the ora-ors predicted a rousing victory in November or democracy. There is the greatest enthufor democracy. There is the great siasm in Kentucky over the ticket.

WEST VIRGINIA.

REPUBLICAN-G. B. PUSION. PARKERSBURG W. Va., July 29 .- Two thou sand people are already here for the state republican convention to morrow. It is now definitely known that there will be a fusion arrangement, whereby the greenbackers will name a portion of the ticket. The fusion as sures the republicans ten thousand additiona otes in the state.

PARKERSBURG, W. va., July 29.—A cancus of all the West Virginia republicans to night decided sto endors the greenback nomination of Judge Edwin Maxwell for governor. This

another World's Fair.

At a meeting of the International conventon of exposition and fair association repreentatives held here last month the quesion of olding a world's fair in commemoration of the discovery of America, and to celebrat the 490th anniversary of that event we dis-cussed ond the project was approved, the president of the convention, Julius S. Walsh, of this city, was sirected to appoint a committee to devise a plan of organization and management, fair time and place, etc., Mr. Walsh has appointed the commanagement, fair time and place, etc., Mr. Walsh has appointed the committee as follows: Robt, P. Tanssy, St. Louis Chairman; Messrs, K. Locke and David E. Beatty, Jerseyville, 191; Col. A. I. Johnson, Topeka; H. R. W. Hartwig, St. Joseph, Mo; H. J. Hill, Toronto, Canada; Daniel B. Gillham, Alton, 111.: Edw. Haren, Kansas City; Robert Mitchell, Princeton Ind., and L. M. Rumsey, Richard Green, Samuel M. Kennard of St. Louis.

Wire Works Assignment

DETROIT, July 29. The Barnum wire works, one of the most extensive plants of ornamen tal and wire works business in the country has assigned. This action was precipitated by ome stockholders who became frightened and evied attachments on the property to secure divances made by them. No statement. A rough estimate by the business managers how hat liabilities of all kinds amount to 8308 000, with assets consisting of the im-mense manufactory of the company, a stock of goods on hands and accounts receivable aggregating \$160,000. Every effort is being nade to adjust existing difficulties, and it is toped in a few days the concern will be able to resume work in full.

The Cholers,

Massernes, July 29. - The classification of eaths from cholera according to nationality f victims gives the following results rench 798, Italian, 322; Spanish, 13; Greek 9; English, 1; Austrian, 1; Germany, 1; 9; English, 1; Austrian, 1; Germany, 1; American, 1. Nine deaths of Cholera in Marseilles last night, 13 in Toulon. The sit-uation in the infected districts to continue to

STRICKEN STOCK.

Yesterday's Developments Relative to the Sick Cattle in Chicago.

Doctors Disagree as to the Nature of the Fatal Malady.

Whether Alkali, Texas Fever, Bloody Murrain or Loco Weeds.

Kansas City Strenuously Denies the Disease Originated There.

Claiming the Stock Came Through There From Indian Territory.

Montana Cattle Men Uniting for Their Interest-They Desire the 20,000,000 Acres of Indian Reservation Reduced. ----

THE SICK CATTLE,

TEXAS FRUER AND ALKALI. CHICAGO, July 29. - The arrival of sick catle having been reported at the Union stock yards of this city, an examination was made yards of this city, an examination was made by a number of veterinarians this morning, who are not yet ready to submit an official report. The fact is known, however, that they have agreed that the disorder is Texas fever, superinduced by drinking water strongly im-pregnated with alkali. The cattle have been securely quarantined and isolated. Those in the yards that are infected are to be slaugh-tered, subject to inspection by the health de-partment. Those that are inable to move are being shot, and those that are droopy will be held for further developments.

TWELVE MORE CAR LOADS. trouble to be

The entire herd, including those of yesterday, were ordered killed, making about five hundred head in all. The officials declare that the cattle were evidently diseased before shipment and from all that can be learned the entire herd was in the Kansas Citystock yards thirty days before shipment to this city. In view of the fact, cattle are thoroughly quarantined before killing. It is not believed the trouble, whether it is Texas fever or bloody murrain, will extend any further. will extend any further.

the twe do hereby adjourn the meeting of the mational labor convention to July 30th, 1888, in the city of Chicago.

WHESON J. WOLF, Chairman, Secretary of the National Committee.

EVERY MAN FOR HIMSELF.

The following was subsequently adopted by the committee:

WHERRAS, The national labor party, duly organized at Philadelphia, January 12th, 1884, for the purpose of effecting wise and judicious action by existing political parties in the interests of labor and anti-monopoly, and to influence as far as possible the adoption

NOW IT'S LOCO WEEDS.

Steeple chase—mile and three-quarters—Nin-blofoot won under a drive by two lengths, Jackson 2d, Dutchman 3d; time, 8:19.

Steeple chase—mile and three-quarters—Nin-blofoot won under a drive by two lengths, Jackson 2d, Dutchman 3d; time, 8:19.

The following was subsequently adopted by the chase mile and three-quarters—Nin-blofoot won under a drive by two lengths, Jackson 2d, Dutchman 3d; time, 8:19.

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The clowing the had died on the road from the Chickson 2d, Dutchman 3d; time, 8:19.

The clowing the had died on the road from the Chickson 2d, Dutchman 3 NOW IT'S LOCO WEEDS.

the train but L. C. Thisay, secondry managed from Jacksonville, pronquinced the dissase Texas fever.

After a careful investigation the Live Stock Indicator states the following: There has not been and is not any Texas fever among the cattle at this point or in the neighborhood. The cattle shipped from the Indian territory has developed, passed through the in which so called Texas fever yards, but while here did not exhibit any symptoms of the disease. It was not contracted by contact with through Texas cattle in the Indian territory.

KANSAS CITY CLEANS HER. SKIRTS.

KANSAS CITY CLEANS HER SKIRTS. KANSAS CITY CLEANS HER. SKIRTS.

KANSAS CITY, July 29.—Concerning the report of Texas cattle fever in the stock yard, the officials state that the consignment of cattle received here from Indian Territory was affected with Spanish or Toxas fever, though it was not known at the time. A portion of them went to Manhattan, Kansas, and the remainder to Chicago. The yards here have been thoroughly disinfected. So far as known there are no other cases of disease here.

INBIST IT'S TEXAS FEVER, CHICAGO, July 29 .- Dr. N. H. Paaren, state veterinarian, has not yet made his official re-port, but he asserts to night that his investigations have developed the fact these cattle are afflicted with splenic, or Texas fever. Health Commissioner De Wolf, of this city, concurs in this opinion and exhibits in his office the spleen and kidneys of some of those cattle which died, and they are found to exhibit strongly-marked signs of fever. On the other hand, many stockmen and some persons fa-miliar with Texas fever do not believe it is that disease. They assert that in all cases of Texas fever the animal excreta true of sickness from drinking alka'i water, and that the deaths in this instance could not have resulted from either of these, as the excreta are entirely natura'. They profess to believe that the deaths were caused by

CONGESTION OF THE BOWELS, caused by drinking too much water after lorg thirsting and being over heated. These cutties belong to Frazier & Oberly of Kansss City, belong to Frazier & Oberly of Kansse City, and are brought from their ranche in Indian Territory. The entire number received is 660, of which 190 arrived this morning. Of these 162 have died or been killed to relieve them of agony. Nine were killed by the veteronarian to-day, and he says all showed a gns of Texasfever. The living members of the herd are quarantined and the pens in which they are confined will not be again used for nattle, but when emptied will be scrubbed, refloored and used for hegs. The heath department has charge of the entire drove, and the health commissioner undertakes to say that ommissioner undertakes to say that THE MEAT OF THESE ANIMALS

will not be allowed to go into the market while there is the least danger. He has given permission to the firm to which the herd is consigned to sell non-infected members of the herd, subject to inspection after slaughter. A small number were sold and slaughtered to day, but as a matter of precaution were not permitted to be put on the market. It is said here that twenty five head of these cattle were sold at Kanass City.

THE TERRIBLE TEXANS.

MANHATTAN, Kas., July 29.—There have been fifteen additional deaths by Texas fever in the shipment of cattle received here from Kansas City. The herd had been driven from Cimmarron river to Caldwell, crossing the Texas cattle trail. On the way from Caldwell they were sent to Kansas City by rail, where they were bought by Major Adams and st once shipped here. The sickness of the animals first appeared on the way here. Veterinarian Holcemb is expected here tonight. Experts here dont anticipate an epidemic, believing the disease not communicable emic, believing the disease not communicab except through Texas cattle.

ANOTHER PLAGUE SPOT. HIAWATHA, Kiss, July 29.—The Texas or Spanish fever has appeared in this vicinity. A number of animals have died, several were shot. Some weeks ago a train loaded with Texan cattle passing north was partially wrecked near here and some stray animals were left behind. were left behind. It is supposed they commu-nicated the disease, which was first observed the past few days and began to spread rapidly. Every effort is being made to check its ргодтена.

MAJOR ADAMS' STATEMENT. TOPERA, Kansus, July 29 - Major N.IA. Adams, owner of the cattle afflicted with Spanish fever at Manhattau arrived this after

noon and said he thought the worst was over. His loss, up to the hour of leaving Manhattan, 2 o'clock p. in., was 50 head, and he thinks about 20 more will die. The herd was thoroughly quarantined, and stockmen, who profess to be acquainted with the disease, say it will not be commenicated from these cattle to others in the country round. Mr. Adams commenced feeding his cattle green carn this morning, a diet that is said to be the best thing they can have. KANSAS CITT BEITERATES ITS CLEANLINESS.

EANSAS CITY REITERATES ITS CLEANLINESS.

Stockmen are positive in their assertions tonight that there is no disease in the yard
here. The infected herd shipped to
Chicago arrived here as stated,
from Indian territory, and went
through to Chicago in the usual course of
shipment. The cattle were not held here, and
the outbreak of the disease had not appeared
among them. Officials and others interviewed
to-night generally hold to the bellef that the
reports from other points are exaggerated; so
that it is not established that the disease is
Texas fever, and the matter will soon subside,
as did the recent foot-and-mouth scare. IN NEBRASKA.

IN NEBRASKA.

Lincoln, Nebraska, July 29.—Information that cattle disease, said to be Texas fever, prevalent at Maxwell, Nebraska, was received here this morning. Governor Dawes immediately dispatched a commission to investigate, which will report to-morrow. Commissioner Loring has also ordered Dr. Trumbower, of Illinois, to Maxwell.

MONTANA CATTLE MEN. ACTION OF THEIR ASSOCIATION.

HELWA, Montana, July 27.-The Montana Stock Growers' association has been in session the past two days, and adjourned this afternoon. The officers elected are: President, Granville Stuart; treasurer, J. P. Woolman; secretary, R. B. Harrison. Members were present from all portions of the territory, representing cattle herds aggregating half a million head. In view of the ravages of the stock thieves, the association decided to use its influence for the election of members of the legislature who will work for the passage of a law to afford the stock interests better protection from thieves. The association will urge the reduction of Indian reservations in Montans, which comprise twenty million acres of grazing land, or about six thousand acres for each Indian. The association indignantly deny the statement in Mantoba, the Dominion of Canada and through the United States, that the cattle herds of Montana are affected with foot and mouth disease. The United States commissioner of agriculture and the officials of other countries are invited to inquire into the report. There is no disease of any kind among Montana cattle. Granville Stuart: treasurer, J. P. Woolman:

SUMMER SPORTS.

Saddlebags and Sulky. AT CHICAGO DRIVING PARK.

CHICAGO, July 29.-The attendance at the triving park was very good; the weather was ine; the track heavy.

Mile and a half handicap—all ages—Thady Mile and a half handicap—all ages—Thady kept the lead from the start, and won by two lengths, Critise 23, Athlone 3d; time, 2:54. Hilinois stakes mile and a quarter—three year olds—Berlin won by two lengths, Trom-bler 2d, Europa a very bad 3d; time, :23g. Mile—purse—all ages—Niphon won by eight lengths, Ballard 2d, Adventurer a poor 3d; Sirra 1:501

lengths, Ballard 20, time 1:50; Steeple chase—mile and three-quarters Steeple chase—mile and three-quarters onder a drive by two length

At Chicago Chicago, 16; Detroits, 8.
At Washington - No game; rain.
At Cincinnati - Cincinnati, 5; St. Louis, 6;

thirteen innings).
At Toledo—Toledo, 1; Columbus, 3. At Philadelphia—No game; rain. At Buffalo—Buffalo, 1; Cleveland, 0; (elever

Louisville, Ky.-Louisville, 2; Indiana olis, 1: (ten innings). At Kans s City—Unions, St. Louis, 9; Kan

sas Citys, 1.

At East Saginaw, Mich.—At a meeting of the directors of the Saginaw base ball club last evening, it was unanimously decided to carry the organization through the season of 1884.

At Pittsburg—Rain; no game.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyns, 1; Metropolitan, At Baltimore-No game; rain.

HANGING HORSE THIEVES, Seven of Them Found Suspended to

Trees in Montans-Cowboys in Search of More.

LEWISTON, July 29. -Seven horse-thieves were found to-day hanging to trees at the mouth of the Musselshell. Two men named Doune and Felix were recognized among the number. The thieves are all supposed to have selong to the Donne and Fellx band, who had eadquarters in the neighborhood. Granville Stuart's cowboys are out after another band who made for the Woody mountains. They go prepared for all emergencies, and if they other hauging bee, as the settlers and stock-men are despersts over the loss of their houses. There have been over one hundred houses re-

cells for balvationists. BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 29, - Five of the elvation Army were sent to jail for four days or violating a city ordinance by parading

Care for the Children

Children feel the debility of the changing seasons, even more than adults, and they become cross, prevish, and uncontrollable. The blood should be cleansed and the system invigorated by the use of Hood's Barsaparilla. "Last Spring my two children were vaccinated. Soon after, they broke all out with running sores, so dreadful I thought I should lose them. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured them completely; and they have been healthy ever since. I do feel that Hood's Sarsaparilla saved my children to me." Mns. C. L. THOMPSON, West Warren, Mass.

Purify the Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla is characterized by three peculiarities: 1st, the combination of remedial agents; 2d, the proportion; 3d, the process of securing the active medicinal malities. The result is a medicine of unusual strength, effecting cures hitherto unknown. Send for book containing additional evidence. "Hood's Sarsaparilla tones up my system, purifies my blood, sharpens my appetite, and seems to make me over." J. P. Thompson, Register of Beeds, Lowell, Mass.
"Hood's Sarsaparilla beats all others, and is worth its weight in gold." I. Barrington, 120 Bark Street, New York City.

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

SHAFFER'S SHOWING.

Coming Crops of Iowa, as Foretold by the Secretary of the State Agricultural Boolety.

FAIRFIELD, Iowa, July 29 .- The following fficial statement from John R. Shaffer, secretary of the state agricultural society, shows the condition of crops in Iowa as reported between June 15th to July 29th, inclusive: Corn Seven hundred and two townships

Corn—Seven hundred and two townships report the condition at 117 per cent, an increase of 5 per cent over the former report and a5 per cent better than one year a.o. Iowa farmers never had such a promising outlook for a magnificent corn harvest.

Broom corn—The condition of the crop reported from 103 townships is 80 per cent; for 149 townships it places the condition of the crop at 102 per cent, a decrease of 3 per cent from the June report.

Winter wheat—158 townships place its cendition at 95 per cent. The Hog Market Active, Stronger

Winter wheat—188 townships place its condition at 95 per cent.

Spring wheat—618 townships place its condition at 95 per cent, a promise of a better crop by nearly 3 per cent than in June. A few report some damage done by chinch bugs. The crop is too far advanced to create any slarm from their rayages.

alarm from their ravages.

Winter barley—The condition reported from 10 townships is 98 per cent.

Spring barley—The condition reported from 331 townships is 104 per cent, 4 per cent better prospects than one month ago. There are some complaints that the grain will be colored.

Winter rys 591 townships report its condiion at 98 per cent. Spring rye —82 townships report its condition at 93 per cent. In some localities the rye crop mewhat blighted.

Oats 703 townships report its condition at 19 per cent, a decrease in prospect of 4 per cent. The crop is badly lo iged in some localities from and and rain storms.

wind and rain storms.

Flax - 382 townships report its condition at 98 per cent, or 4 percent decrease in a month. Timothy - The condition of the crop reported from 684 townships is 96 per cent.

Clover - The condition reported from 630 townships is 98 per cent. In certain localities the grass crop has suffered from drought.

Millet - The condition reported from 254 townships is 97 per cent.

The condition of other crops are reported as follows:

as follows:

Pastures, 100½ per cent; Irish potatoes, 101½; sweet potatoes, 98; apples, 89; (the prospect for a fine apple crop has been materially affected within the past month by wind and hail storms;] peaches, 58; pears, 77; plums, 98; cherries, 104½; grapes, 87; currants, 106; strawberries 106; raspberries 108; goostberries 104; and blackberries 104.

Wind and hail storms are reported from forty-one counties as doing damage to the crops. In some localities the destruction has been complete, but as a general thing it has been un marrow belts. Much of the corn blow down will, with favorable weather, recuperate and w follows: will, with favorable weather, recuperate and be saved, and add materially to the final re-

PICKED UP AT THE CAPITAL,

Vashinoton Special to the Chicago Times. WASHINGTON, July 28. Congressman Ryan says there is no disaffection among republican in Kansas. Blaine and Logan will get the usual majority. Gov. St. John's presidential candidacy will not hurt the republicaus at all. As to the independents he says: "The so-called independent movement has not showed itself anywhere in the west. Blaine and Logan will carry every western state, including Indiana. The tieket is getting stronger and stronger

An Ohio democrat explains the Cincinnati Enquirer's treatment of Cleveland by saying that MoLean is not really opposed to Cleve-land, but fears one result should it chance that he should be elected. He has learned P tition 2d, Bush Filly 3d; time, 1229.

hitrabeth stakes—Three-year-old tillies—mile and a furfrong—Fred A won, Millie B 2d, Water Lillie 3d; time, 2:92.

Freehold stakes—Mile and a half—Eole won, Drake Carter 2d, only two ran; time, 2:444.

Seven furlongs—Dank won, Lutestring 2d, Valley Forge 3d; time, f4.

Handicap hurdle—Mile and three-quarters—Bally won, Marshall 2d, two ran; time, 3:41.

Base Ball.

Base Ball.

Games vestered tillies—that he should be elected. He has learned that the scheme is that if Cleveland should get there, Senator Pendeton, the author of the civil service bill, would be in his cabinet. The prospect, though never so small, of his archemy being elevated, is more than Mc-Lean can stand without vigorous kicking.

Colonel Morrison is here on his way home from New York. He says this will not be a hurah campaign, but one of active, steady work. He believes from what he has heard that Tammany will fall in line and that Cleveland will carry New York. In the west, and particularly in Illinois, he says there are many accessions to the democracy. cossions to the democracy.

Clearing House Precautions, NEW YORK, July 29.-The Clearing House seciation to-day adopted the following: First, No members of the New York Clearing House association can pay interest on or allow compensation for deposits after January

Second, To secure uniformity in the busines of banks, no checks can pass through the clearing house except drawn upon a member f the association.

of the association.

The following was laid on the table:
Third, An infraction of the above rules will
be regarded as a forfeiture of membership in
the association, subject, on complaint of any
member, to an investigation by a clearing use committee in the manner provided in Shadow Snatchers in Convention. CIRCINNATI, July 29.—The photographers

of the United States opened their fifth annu-al convention at Springer music hall to-day. About a thousand delegates were present representing nearly every state in the Union. The proceedings to-day were routine. W. H. Kent of Rochester, N. Y., says the convention will be open to all visitors and will be somewhat in the nature of an exposition.

The session will last four days. A grand display of fire-works took place to-night. The visitors will be shown about the city and the suburbs to-morrow.

A Sick Bankrupt Guarded in His Room.

Indianapolis, July 29. - Late this afternoon Calvin F. Rooker swore out a warrant charging John C. S. Harrison, proprieter of the recently defunct Harrison's bank, with embezzlement of \$95,000. The warrant was served on Harrison while at his home. Harrison, already ill, was further crostrated by the action, and it being deemed inadvisable to move him in his present health, an officer was placed on guard in the chamber. Bail was fixed at \$6,000, but was not furnished up to

Missouri Greenbackers.

St. Joseph Mo., July 27. At the green-back congressional convention held in this city this afternoon, resolutions were passed denouncing the ation of the Chicago democratic convention recommending the unity of all anti-bourbon elements to defeat the democrative of the convention of cy of this state. It was decided not to nomi-nate a candidate for congress, but resolutions were passed requesting Hon. Nicholas Ford to become an independent candidate.

Trial of Dynamiters.

LONDON, July 29.—Great precautions have een taken at Warwick to preserve order dur ing the trial of Daly, Egan and O'Donnell, suspected dynamiters. Strong barriers have been creeted to protect the approaches of the court. Constables armed with revolvers will be placed on guard at all public buildings.

The Nine Hour Strike,

New York, July 29.-The building trades strike is still progressing. Neither side shows a disposition to yield. The strikers say since yesterday applications for bricklayers made by three builders and men were sent them; that only 175 men remain out of work. The employers, however, claim the number of un-employed to be much larger.

The Lizzie Bradley Outrage.

Prittsucho, July 29.—Thirty-one Italians, prested at Street's Run for being concerned n the Idzzie Bradley assault, were released his morning, the evidence showing that they were not implicated in the affair. Twenty others were arrested and held for hearing Friday.

NO. 35 CHICAGO'S 'CHANCE CHURN.

In Which Constant Agitation is Necessary to Make Butter for Bull or Bear.

The Traffic in Cattle Proceeds Notwithstanding the Loco Weed.

Texans Selling a Shade Stronger Prices Than Last Week.

and 5c Higher. Trading in Grain Accompanied

Unusual Excitement. Wheat, Corn and Oats Higher-Poxa

Up a Peg-Lard Also Higher. CHICAGO MARKETS.

CATTLE. special Dispatch to THE BEE. CHICAGO, July 29. - The bulk of the receipts were at least 4,500 Texansout of the 5,500 fresh arrivals, so it will be seen that natives were scarce; not over eight or ten loads that would pass for prime. Hence the few good ones were quickly disposed of at strong prices. Grassers and medium sorts remain about the same as last week. Cows and other low grade of natives are not wanted; stockers and ceders continue to sell at very low figures. Texans are selling a shade stronger than last Texans are selling a shade stronger than last week; best natives, \$6.00 to \$6.75; second class, \$5.50 to \$5.75; grassers, \$4.50 to \$4.90; choice shipping, 1,200 to 1,300 pounds, \$5.80 to \$6.30; common to medium, 1,000 to 1,200 pounds, \$4.50 to \$5.40; grass Texans, 100 pounds, \$4.50 to \$5.0 pounds, \$3.00 to \$3.75; Americans, \$4.25 ta \$5.00.

The market was active and strong and 5c higher, with assorted light making 5 10 to 5 75, and heavy 5 25 to 5 70. The bulk of packing grades selling at 5 40 to 5 60. The market closed steady, with nearly all sold; light, 160 to 210 lbs., 5 35 to 5 80.

GRAIN.

Trading on 'Change to-day in the grain pits was accompanied by a dash and excitement which had not been witnessed before in months. The aggregate trading in wheat and corn was large, and prices as a rule were firm, with a figher tendency. The visible supply statement published showed little change in wheat, a reduction of 88,000 bushels only having occurred during this week. A prediction of a million bushels both ways had been prophesied, and the showing, therefore, had little effect on the market. GRAIN. ffect on the market.

European advices indicate a firmer tone and

European advices indicate a firmer tone and reports of wet weather in the west and north-west also had a strengthening effect on prices. The market on the regular board closed about 8½ higher for September than yesterday. On the afternoon board the market was again firm, August closing at 8½, September at 86½ to 85½, October at 87½.

Trading in corn was fair on speculative and shipping account, with the feeling somewhat unsettled. The market opened ½ to §c higher, ruled firm, then cased off ic, afterward advanced ½ to §c, fell off again, fluctuated and closed ½ to §c, fell off again, fluctuated and closed ½ to §c fell off again and closed ½ to §c fell

On the afternoon board this preference for August was lost, and the market closed about the same as yesterday; 55gc for August, 55g for September, 54gc for October.
Oats ruled firm and higher. The latest quotations were 31gc for July, 27gc for August, and 20La for September. PROVISIONS. Pork was marked up a peg, only moderate trading, however. July was quoted at 24 50; August at 23 90; September at 18 00; and the year at 11 90. Lard was fairly active, 10 to 15 higher; closing

at 7 30 for August; 7 424 for September; 7 524 for October. Progress of the Plague. Paris, July 29, 9 P. M. There were six eaths from cholera at Arles the past 24 hours, and two deaths at Aix since noon. 9 r. M. - Twenty-three deaths at Marseilles

the past 24 hours.

Seventeen cases of cholera have appeared at Pancalieri, Italy. The patients are mostly workmen from Marsellies and Toulon. Measres have been taken to isolate the district. The renewal of cholera is feared at Toulon wing to a return of fugitives. At Marseilles there were seven deaths between noon and 7 p.m.

The Army of the Tennessee.

St. Paul, Minn., July 29.—General Sher-man is in St. Paul conferring with the local committee relative to the reunion of the society of the Army of the Tennessee, August 13. All arrangements have been perfected and the eunion will take place on the beautiful banks of Lake Minnetonka, near Hotel Lafayette, Ladies will be admitted to the banquet. Those intending to attend should promptly notify General J. B. Sanborn, chairman of the execu-

A Virginia Cyclone.

Norrolk, Va. July 21.—Yesterday after-noon a cyclone from the southwest visited the neighborhood of Hickory, Grove county, de-stroying everything in its path, 200 yards wide. Several persons were badly injured, but no lives were reported lost. The largest trees were carried away. Houses and barns were destroyed and cattle killed.

The Weather for To-day. Washington, July 30.—For the Upper Mississippi Valley: Partly cloudy weather, occasional rain, variable winds and stationary temperature. For the Missouri Valley: Local showers, partly cloudy weather variable, winds and stationary temperature.



PURE CREAM TARTAR. \$1000. Civen alum of any Injurious substances can be found. Andrews! Pearl Baking Powder, Is pos-oly PURE. Being endorsed, and testimonials served from such chemists as 8. Jana Hays, Bos-ar M. betafontaine, of Chicago; and Gussiavas de, Milyaukee. Never sold in bulk.

C.E. ANDREWS & C.